

Dog(s) in School Policy

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Date adopted by Governors:	09 March 2023
Scheduled review date:	March 2025
Statutory or Best Practice policy:	Best Practice
Appendices:	Yes – Risk Assessment
School / Trust Policy:	School and Trust

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School Dog Policy

Introduction

This policy sets out Kernow Learning's rules on dogs on site in schools.

The Children can benefit educationally and emotionally, increase their understanding of responsibility and develop empathy and nurturing skills through contact with a dog. In addition to these benefits, children take great enjoyment from interaction with a dog.

Is there a risk in bringing a dog into a school environment?

Yes, there is, though there are a variety of accidents, which can happen within the school environment which far exceed the number of injuries or incidents caused by a dog. Therefore, it is just another risk that needs to be managed. A thorough risk assessment has been carried out and this is included in this document (see appendix 3).

Dogs are not allowed anywhere on the school site at any time unless specifically authorised by the Headteacher. This includes drop off and collection times.

This policy outlines measures put in place to allow the school dog to be present.

School Policy

- The dog is owned by Emma Vyvyan.
- Only the school dog is allowed on the premises. All other dogs must not come on site
 unless they are a known therapy or assistance dog and the Headteacher has been
 informed in advance.
- The dog is called 'Stan' and he is a Korthalls Griffon.
- The Governing Body agree that a school dog will benefit the children and staff of Sky Primary and Eden Project Nursery.
- Staff, parents and children have been informed that a dog will be in school and have had the chance to highlight questions through a consultation process. The Headteacher has produced a risk assessment and this will be reviewed annually.
- Staff, visitors and children known to have allergic reactions to dogs must not go near the dog. All visitors will be informed on arrival that there is a dog in school.
- If the dog is ill he will not be allowed into school.
- The dog will be kept on a lead when moving between classrooms or on a walk and will be under the full control and supervision of a trained adult at all times.
- Children will never be left alone with the dog and there will be appropriate adult supervision at all times.
- Children will be reminded of what is appropriate behaviour around the dog. Children should remain calm around the dog. They should not make sudden movements and must never stare into a dog's eyes as this could be threatening for the dog. Children should not put their face near a dog and should always approach it standing up.







- Children should never go near or disturb the dog that is sleeping or eating.
- Children must not be allowed to play roughly with the dog.
- Everyone must wait until the dog is sitting or lying down before touching or stroking him.
- If the dog is surrounded by a large number of children, the dog could become nervous and agitated. Therefore the adult in charge of the dog must ensure that s/he monitors the situation.
- Dogs express their feelings through their body language. Growling or bearing of teeth
 indicate that the dog is feeling angry or threatened. Flattened ears, tail lowered or between
 their legs, hiding behind their owner, whining or growling are signs that the dog is
 frightened or nervous. If the dog is displaying any of these warning signs it will be
 immediately removed from that particular situation or environment.
- Children should not eat close to the dog.
- Children should be careful to stroke the dog on his body, chest, back and not by his face or top of head.
- Children should always wash their hands after handling a dog.
- Any dog fouling will be cleaned immediately and disposed of appropriately by an adult.
- All visitors will be informed about the dog and related protocols on arrival and office staff will relay visitor issues to the Headteacher.
- Appropriately trained staff will maintain records and anecdotal evidence of the work and impact of the school dog.
- The Headteacher will know the whereabouts of the dog and which staff are supervising at all times.
- The dog will be included in the fire evacuation procedure under the supervision of the Headteacher.

Actions

If someone reports having an issue with the dog, this information must be passed to the Headteacher or a Deputy as soon as possible. All concerns will be responded to by the Headteacher.

Roles and Responsibilities

The Governing Body has a responsibility to ensure that the school has a written policy for dogs in School. The Headteacher is responsible for implementing this policy. Teachers, staff, pupils, parents and visitors are required to abide by this policy. The curriculum will support learning about dogs and how best to behave around our dog. This will include highlighting that not all dogs are well trained and that caution must be used around unknown dogs outside school.







Appendix 1

Reasons to have a dog in school

In summary, academic research has shown that dogs working and helping in the school environment can achieve the following:

- 1. Improve academic achievement
- 2. Increase literacy skills
- 3. Calming behaviours
- 4. Increase social skills and self-esteem
- 5. Increase confidence
- 6. Teach responsibility and respect to all life
- 7. Help improve attendance
- 8. Motivate children who are often less attentive

The following information has been taken from a range of sources to provide further details about the benefits of having a dog in school:

Behaviour

In some schools, dogs are making a difference in the behaviour of pupils. Researchers report that pupils can identify with animals, and with empathy for the dog, can better understand how classmates may feel. It was found that violent behaviour in participating pupil's declined by 55%, and general aggression went down 62%. Behaviour problems occur in school and these can interfere with learning. Some schools are using dogs to improve behaviour problems by promoting positive behaviour in pupils, In a controlled study, pupils were found to have fewer disciplinary referrals in schools with a dog than schools without. Pupils' behaviour improved toward teachers, and pupils also showed more confidence and responsibility. Additionally, parents reported that children seemed more interested in school as a result of having a dog at school.

Attendance

The responsibility of looking after the dog can motivate children to attend.

Education

Reading programmes with dogs are doing wonders for some pupils. Children who might be embarrassed to read aloud to the class or even adults are likely to be less scared to read to a dog. "It might be less stressful for a child to read aloud to a dog than to a teacher or a peer. After all, a dog won't judge or correct you." Dogs are used to encourage struggling readers to practise reading aloud. With the presence of a "calm and well-trained dog," pupils find social support and peer interaction. Dogs are incredibly calm and happy to have pupils read to them or join a group of children in the library whilst they are having a book reading session. Dogs give unconditional acceptance, as they are non-judgmental, which is especially crucial to struggling, emerging readers. The dogs also provide confidence to children as they do not make fun of them when they read, but above all they make amazing listeners, providing the







children with a sense of comfort and love. Research has proved that pupils who read to dogs show an increase in reading levels, word recognition, a higher desire to read and write, and an increase in intra and interpersonal skills among the Pupils they mix with.

Social Development

Dogs in school offer an opportunity for improving social development. They are especially useful for teaching pupils social skills and responsibility. Specifically, schools are using dogs to help older pupils build self-esteem; learn about positive and negative reinforcement, responsibility, and boundaries. Older pupils use dogs to help communicate, teach kindness, and empower pupils. With a dog in school, pupils have the opportunity to learn how to care for the animal. This includes walking and grooming. Researchers report that involving pupils in the daily care of classroom dogs is a positive experience, promoting their own daily care. The pupils also learn about responsibility, caring, and sharing when helping each other take care of a dog at school.

As a reward

Dogs will be gentle and loving, but at the same time full of fun and enjoyment for the pupils. Those pupils who have performed incredibly well during the week or those who have made progress in a certain subject, or those who have achieved tasks set for them, will be rewarded with spending time during lunch or break to interact with the dog (should they wish to). Walking, grooming, playing and training are some of the responsibilities pupils will be allowed to undertake. It has been proved that working and playing with a dog improves children's social skills and self-esteem. Support Dogs can work with pupils on a one-one basis and will especially help those pupils who have been bullied, abused, going through upsetting/difficult times or even scared/phobic of dogs. The dog will bring much joy and help to all the pupils they meet and are happy to provide plenty of hugs to the pupils they are spending time with. Pupils who struggle with social interaction can find a reassuring friend in a dog.

School Dog Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

Q Who is the legal owner of the dog and who pays for its costs?

The legal owner of the dog is Emma Vyvan; she will bear all costs associated with having the dog on site; no money from the school budget will be used for this initiative. Stan is insured with the Kennel Club.

Q Will the dog be a distraction?

The dog will be kept in the Headteacher's office. The office is separate from the classrooms / playground area to ensure he only comes into contact with children who are happy to have contact and have parental permission for this, under strict supervision. The dog will also have a space to spend time in classrooms, the library and in outside areas where children can interact safely. The dog will also attend meetings with staff to support further socialisation, following consultation with staff beforehand.







Q Has a risk assessment been undertaken?

Yes, we have carefully considered having a dog in school and sought advice from many sources, including other schools that successfully have a school dog and a reputable dog behaviourist.

Q Who is responsible for training the dog?

Emma Vyvyan is the legal owner of the dog and as will be responsible for his training. Whilst still a puppy Stan is attending weekly puppy school training sessions and is having monthly vet checks.

Q How will the dog be toileted to ensure hygiene for all?

In the interest of health and hygiene our school dog will be toileted when taken out for short walks in the grounds. Only staff members will clear this away appropriately leaving no trace on the ground, cleaning the area with disinfectant if needed. Our policy of no dogs in the playground is still applicable as we are unable to put effective control measures in place that guarantee temperament and safety when children come into unsupervised contact with unknown dogs.

Q How will the dog's welfare be considered?

The dog will be walked regularly and given free time outside. Parents will be able to give permission in advance to allow their child to be able to walk with a member of staff and the dog during that time. This will also be used as a behaviour reward, in line with our behaviour policy. The dog will be kept in the admin area/Headteachers office and will only have planned and supervised contact with children and visitors. The dog has been carefully trained over a period of time and will have unlimited access to food and water. We will work carefully to ensure the dog's welfare is always considered.

Q How will this be managed where children have allergies?

Children will not need to touch the dog, which will relieve the possibility of allergic reactions. We already manage a number of allergies at school and this will be no different for children and adults that are allergic to dogs. Individual needs will always be met and we are happy to work with parents to put additional control measures in place for individual allergies. The breed of dog is known for minimal moulting, he is given a high-quality food and professionally regularly groomed regularly to reduce any possibility of allergens.

Q My child is frightened of dogs; how will you manage this?

Access to the dog is carefully managed and supervised and children do not need to have close contact with him unless permission for this has been given. We hope to work closely with parents of children who are fearful of dogs to alleviate their fear and to teach them how to manage this.

Appendix 3 - Risk Assessment - see attached document.







Risk Assessment - 14264RA

Information valid as of 22/03/2023 15:54:26



■ General Details

Assessor	Emma Vyvyan
Assessment Date	27/09/2022
Assigned Reviewer	Emma Vyvyan
Next Review Date	28/09/2023
Assessment Title	Therapy Dog

Associated with specific area

Education > Academy Schools > Kernow Learning > Sky Primary and Eden Project Nursery

Description of work area and/or activity assessed

Therapy Dog on school premises



■ Hazards

Hazard Details	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Measures Currently in place to prevent risk of injury
Other (See: Hazard Details) Failure to have adequate insurance in place to cover possible litigation.	Rare	Minor	Low	The school has the necessary insurance cover.



Risk Assessment - 14264RA



Information valid as of 22/03/2023 15:54:24

lazard Details	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Measures Currently in place to prevent risk of injury
Welfare Animal welfare, diseases and parasites (including Infestation of bedding and areas where dog regularly attends)	Rare	Minor	Low	The dog's owner will confirm at every visit that the necessary preventative treatments have been taken and that the dog is in good health.
Welfare Lack of adequate supervision and provision of care/welfare throughout the day.	Rare	Minor	Low	The dog's owner will be in attendance at all times.
Animal Dog becoming distressed due to excessive noise/crowds.	Rare	Minor	Low	Pupils will be spoken to before the visit and reminded when the dog is on the premises. Owner to carry out the necessary training with the dog to ensure it is able to cope with the school environment.
Animal Injury to dog due to being hit/kicked or manhandling.	Rare	Minor	Low	Pupils will be spoken to before the visit and reminded when the dog is on the premises.
Animal Injury to dog due to being inadvertently being trod on or slipping on surfaces/stairs etc.	Rare	Minor	Low	Pupils and staff reminded to remain vigilant at all times, and work with the dog in small groups.
Animal Welfare of the dog during an evacuation (planned or otherwise).	Rare	Minor	Low	The dog will be the responsibility of the owner at all times.
Stress / Distress Phobia of Dogs (staff, pupils and visitors)	Rare	Minor	Low	Information shared with parents, staff and pupils. No-one with a phobia will be impelled to have contact with the animal.
Animal Dog growling, barking or showing aggression towards staff, pupils or visitors.	Rare	Minor	Low	In the event of any of these situations, the owner will be asked to remove the dog immediately from the premises.
Allergy Allergic reaction to dog/bites, cuts and scratches.	Rare	Minor	Low	Before each visit, parents and staff will be advised and the necessary precautions will be put in place.
Animal Zoonosis and infections transmitted via faeces and urine and parasites etc.	Rare	Minor	Low	The dog will be trained to toilet in an area of the school that our pupils don't have access to on a regular basis, if required the area will then be disinfected with an appropriate animal disinfectant. Faeces and/or soiled cleaning materials post incident or after walking the dog will be immediately and safely disposed of.



Risk Assessment - 14264RA



Information valid as of 22/03/2023 15:54:24

Hazard Details	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Measures Currently in place to prevent risk of injury
Biological Failure to dispose of faeces and/or soiled cleaning materials post incident or after walking the dog.	Rare	Minor	Low	Enter control measures here.
Biological Dog accessing areas that should be considered out of bounds due to hygiene e.g. School kitchens, canteen, food technology areas, school gardens etc.	Rare	Minor	Low	Enter control measures here.